

## **POSTER PRESENTATION**

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## Indoleamine 2,3-dioxygenase is a critical resistance mechanism in anti-tumor T cell immunotherapy targeting CTLA-4

Rikke B Holmgaard<sup>1\*</sup>, Dmitriy Zamarin<sup>1</sup>, David H Munn<sup>3</sup>, Jedd D Wolchok<sup>1</sup>, James P Allison<sup>1,2</sup>

From Society for Immunotherapy of Cancer 28th Annual Meeting National Harbor, MD, USA. 8-10 November 2013

The CTLA-4 blocking antibody ipilimumab results in durable responses in metastatic melanoma, though therapeutic benefit has been limited to a fraction of patients. This calls for identification of resistance mechanisms and development of combinatorial strategies. We examine the inhibitory role of indoleamine 2,3-dioxygenase (IDO) on the anti-tumor efficacy of CTLA-4 blockade. In IDO knockout mice treated with anti-CTLA-4 antibody, we demonstrate a striking delay in B16 melanoma tumor growth and increased overall survival when compared to wild type mice. To highlight the therapeutic relevance of these findings, we show that CTLA-4 blockade strongly synergizes with IDO inhibitors to mediate rejection of both IDO-expressing and nonexpressing poorly immunogenic tumors, emphasizing the importance of the inhibitory role of both tumorand host-derived IDO. This effect was T-cell dependent, leading to enhanced infiltration of tumor-specific effector T cells and a marked increase in the effector to regulatory T cell ratios in the tumors. Overall, these data demonstrate the immunosuppressive role of IDO in the context of anti-CTLA-4 immunotherapy and provide a strong incentive to clinically explore combination therapies utilizing IDO inhibitors irrespective of IDO expression by the tumor cells.

## Authors' details

<sup>1</sup>Department of Immunology, Memorial Sloan-Kettering Cancer Center, New York, NY, USA. <sup>2</sup>Department of Immunology, MD Anderson Cancer Center, Houston, TX, USA. <sup>3</sup>Cancer Center and Department of Pediatrics, Georgia Regents University, Augusta, GA, USA.

Published: 7 November 2013

<sup>1</sup>Department of Immunology, Memorial Sloan-Kettering Cancer Center, New York, NY, USA

Full list of author information is available at the end of the article

doi:10.1186/2051-1426-1-\$1-P77

Cite this article as: Holmgaard *et al.*: Indoleamine 2,3-dioxygenase is a critical resistance mechanism in anti-tumor T cell immunotherapy targeting CTLA-4. *Journal for ImmunoTherapy of Cancer* 2013 1(Suppl 1): P77

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